

POPPY FAMILY. PAPAVERACEAE.

Pale Corydalis. Pink Corydalis.

Capnoides sempervirens.

Found in woodsy, rocky places during June and July.

The erect and leafy stalk grows from 6 to 15 inches in height, and is slender and smooth, with a slight bloom, which makes its color a pale or whitish-green.

The pretty leaf is not large; it is compound, its 3 leaflets being sub-divided and cut into deep scallops on the entire edges; the ribs are very delicate, the texture thin and fine and smooth; in color, a cool green, the underside whitened by a pale bloom. The lower leaves are on slender, smooth stems, and the upper clasp the stalk; they are placed alternately.



The flower is small, fragile and smooth in texture, and hung upside down; the corolla, like a one-sided flat bag with a round bottom and a 2-lipped mouth, is pale pink, the lips being golden; the 2-parted calyx is pinkish. Three or four flowers hang in terminal, groups on slender reddish stems.

The seed-pod is out of all expectation long, frequently over an inch in length, but very slender. The whole plant has a smooth daintiness, and especially is the leaf pretty.

Upper photo: Edwin M. Martin, Lady Bird Johnson Wildflower Center

Lower photo credit: By Superior National Forest [CC BY 2.0 (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/2.0)], via Wikimedia Commons



PALE CORYDALIS: Capnoides sempervirens.

Text and drawing excerpted from *Wildflowers from the North-Eastern States* by Ellen Miller and Margaret Christine Whiting, 1895 Nomenclature and Families updated.